STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH

BOARD OF MEDICAL AND OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS

IN THE MATTER OF: DECLARATORY RULING REGARDING DELEGATING THE TASK OF WRITING PHYSICAL THERAPY ORDERS))))	FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW, AND DECLARATORY RULING
REGARDING DELEGATING THE TASK OF WRITING PHYSICAL)))	•

This matter came before the South Dakota Board of Medical and Osteopathic Examiners ("Board") through a petition filed by Board Staff, pursuant to SDCL 1-26-15 and ARSD § 20:78:02. The Petition was filed on February 10, 2017, and requested that the Board enter a declaratory ruling as to the issue noted below. On June 8, 2017, after due and proper notice, a hearing was held regarding the petition at which the Board heard oral testimony regarding the petition. Now, being otherwise informed as to all matters pertinent thereto, the Board enters the following Declaratory Ruling.

ISSUE

May an attending physician for a resident of a long-term care facility delegate the task of writing physical therapy orders to a qualified physical therapist, and is this delegation allowed within the scope of practice of physical therapists as defined by state law?

FINDINGS OF FACT

1. The United States Department of Health and Human Services ("HHS") issued a final rule for Reform of Requirements for Long-Term Care Facilities. 81

Fed. Reg. 68688 (October 4, 2016). This final rule included language relating to the delegation of authority to physical therapists to write therapy orders for patients in long-term care facilities. The final rule relating to physical therapists can be found at 42 CFR § 483.30 and 42 CFR § 483.65.

- 2. 42 CFR §483 contains the requirements that an institution must meet to qualify to participate as a skilled nursing facility in the Medicare program, and as a nursing facility in the Medicaid program.
- 3. The stated intent of the HHS rules is "to reflect the substantial advances that have been made over the past several years in the theory and practice of service delivery and safety. These revisions are also an integral part of [HHS's] efforts to achieve broad-based improvements both in the quality of health care furnished through federal programs, and in patient safety while at the same time reducing procedural burdens on providers." *Reform of Requirements for Long-Term Care Facilities*, 81 Fed. Reg. 68688 (October 4, 2016).
- 4. People living in long-term care settings generally have complex chronic and acute medical conditions that require an interdisciplinary team to manage.
- 5. Physicians and physical therapists work as a team to provide services to residents of long-term care facilities.
- 6. The attending physician for a resident in a long-term care facility has overall supervisory responsibility for the patient's treatment, and should be aware of all treatments ordered for long-term care patients to prevent counterproductive orders that are not aligned with patients' care goals and needs. The promulgation

and carrying out of therapy orders can have a significant impact on the patient's quality of life.

- 7. The current prevailing practice in South Dakota is for the attending physician to write and sign therapy orders, or the attending physician will instruct the physical therapist to draft therapy orders for the attending physician to review and sign.
- 8. The long-term care facility may adopt rules and procedures for the medical team, and attending physicians may issue standing orders or protocols regarding an individual patient's care. A protocol is a standardized plan for medical procedures or the administration of medications, with an outline of specific procedures and medications, by which certain tasks are delegated to South Dakota licensed healthcare professionals whose scope of practice allows the performance of such tasks.
- 9. Any finding of fact more appropriately labeled a conclusion of law is hereby re-designated as such and incorporated therein below.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Board has the authority under SDCL ch. 36-4, 1.26-15, and ARSD § 20:78:02 to issue declaratory rulings concerning the applicability and interpretation of the Board's statutory and regulatory provisions and the practice of medicine and osteopathy in South Dakota.
- 2. No person may practice medicine or osteopathy without a license issued under SDCL ch. 36-4. SDCL 36-4-11. A physician may not delegate their

ability to practice medicine or osteopathy to an individual not licensed to practice medicine or osteopathy in South Dakota.

- 3. A "physical therapist" is a "person licensed in the state to practice physical therapy under the provisions of [SDCL ch. 36-10]." SDCL 36-10-18(2).
- 4. "Physical therapy" is defined as that practice defined in SDCL 36-10-18.1. SDCL 36-10-18(3).
- 5. The scope of practice of a physical therapist is defined in SDCL 36-10-18.1 which states:

Physical therapy defined. For the purposes of this chapter, the practice of physical therapy is the examination and evaluation of patients with mechanical, physiological, and developmental impairments, functional limitation, and disability or other similar conditions in order to determine a diagnosis, prognosis, and therapeutic intervention; alleviation of impairments and functional limitations by designing, implementing, and modifying therapeutic interventions that include therapeutic exercise, functional training in community or work reintegration, manual therapy techniques including soft tissue and joint mobilization, assistive and adaptive devices and equipment, bronchopulmonary hygiene, debridement and wound care, physical agents and mechanical modalities, therapeutic massage, electrotherapeutic modalities, and patient-related instruction; prevention of injury, impairments, functional limitations, and disability including the promotion and maintenance of fitness, health, and quality of life in all age populations; and consultation, education, and research.

- 6. SDCL ch. 36-10 does not require a physical therapist to provide physical therapy services under the direction or supervision of a physician.
- 7. The change in federal regulations allows an attending physician of a patient in a long-term care facility to delegate to a physical therapist the task of writing physical therapy orders consistent with 42 CFR § 483.65. 42 CFR § 483.30.

8. Pursuant to 42 CFR § 483.65, physical therapy services "must be

provided under the written order of a physician..."

9. Considering the scope of practice of physical therapists, attending

physicians may use protocols to delegate to physical therapists the task of writing

physical therapy orders for patients in long-term care facilities.

10. The South Dakota Board of Medical and Osteopathic Examiners does

not have jurisdiction over reimbursement for medical services under federal law,

and makes no findings or conclusions on those matters.

11. Any conclusion of law more appropriately designated a finding of fact

is hereby re-designated as such and incorporated therein above.

Dates this 8th day of March, 2018.

SOUTH DAKOTA BOARD OF MEDICAL AND

OSTEPATHIC EXAMINERS

By: Walter O. Carlson, MD

President

5